To Dance Alone

---Kimberly Shen

Exhibition Programme

Opening reception TUESDAY, 7 JANUARY 2020, 7 – 9PM

Guest DJ ZAI TANG

Kwek Mambo by Zai Tang

Echoing Susie Wong's *Dancing Alone*, Zai will be playing an eclectic selection of local and regional music from bygone eras, as well as sonorous offerings from places further afield. Put on your dancing shoes and prepare for some pop yeh, rock Khmer, molam magic, Sumatran sublimation, indigenous ingenuity and much more!

In Conversation SATURDAY, 11 JANUARY 2020, 2 – 3PM
Speakers SUSIE WONG, KIMBERLY SHEN, AND FAITH NG

This conversation will expand upon the work's focus on women's narratives and representation, dovetailing into the liberatory potential of dance, everyday nuances of love, romance, desire and vulnerability.

Joget Malam FRIDAY, 7 FEBRUARY 2020, 7.30 – 9.30PM

Featuring Zai Tang's music playlist mixed by Mr. Has (Telok Ayer Arts Club) and performances by Sharda Harrison and Sabrina Sng

Surrender by Sharda Harrison

The body is a pathway to God. Our bodies have a delightful ability to communicate, to commune, to illustrate, to surrender, to liberate, to ... dance. Our bodies are ancient portals that connect us to the spirit world. A Chukchee proverb declares, "Woman is by nature a shaman." Yet, we now live in a world where the female goddess whom resides in each of us, has been slighted, over-looked and even objectified. This short piece invokes the ultimate goddess in every woman and man, through text, ritual and movement.

the butterfly effect by Sabrina Sng

the butterfly effect invites the watcher to the inner world of a Singaporean woman where she reveals her transformative process in search of herself.

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Dancing

Alone

8 JAN - 9 FEB 2020

(DON'T LEAVE ME)

SUSIE WONG

Dancing Alone (Don't Leave Me)
by artist Susie Wong is an immersive
video installation of solitary women
dancing freely, evoking imagery
of dance halls in the 1950s and 6os.
Referencing a line from the film,
The King and I:

"no woman would dance alone while a man is looking at her,"

the exhibition alludes to the consumed representations of women in media that are re-enacted in the everyday. The dancers in Wong's videos evoke both the desire

to be freed from these tropes and at the same time to themselves consume by reinforcing

them through the culturally infusive practices of a modern society. Through dance, she is both empowered and subjugated.

Amongst the many questions that have surfaced from my spirited discussions with Susie, we often find ourselves asking, in the age of female empowerment and the rise of the #MeToo movement, why are we still driven to think about ideas of woman? In our prelude to these extended conversations. why do we speak as if we are encountering these issues for the very first time? What has emerged from previous discourses — what has shifted, changed, improved and are we starting (again) from ground zero? In curating this show, it would seem natural to employ a feminist framework as context: to subvert the gaze and objectification of desire, as a revolt and rejection of the patriarchal narrative. But this too, renders a homogeneity to the existence of the everyday woman, assuming she is in a privileged position to be fighting the same battles.

In Dancing Alone (Don't Leave Me), solitary women dance quietly in the darkened gallery space simultaneously and separately, in a haunting repetition of gestures and movements. The work takes reference from the film. The King and I (1956) during the iconic dance sequence between British governess, Anna Leonowens and the King Mongkut of Siam. When the King observes Anna to have stopped dancing, she expresses matter-of-factly, "no woman would dance alone while a man is looking at her", seemingly to suggest the image of a woman is inextricably tied to an other. In film critic Laura Mulvey's seminal essay Visual Pleasure and Narrative Cinema (1975), she expounds, "A woman performs within the narrative. The gaze of the spectator and that of the male characters in the film are neatly combined without breaking narrative verisimilitude." Here in Susie's work, however,

these women dance wordlessly — alone, notwithstanding the viewer and escape the male (othered) gaze. In this ordinary act of pure indulgence, these dancers at once, invite meaning but also firmly invoke their sense of place. No longer obscure, she is dancing alone and with herself.

Drawing upon the liberatory potential of dance

as a form of self-expression, these dancers are empowered but also subjugated. These women are not devoid of desire for she is acutely aware of her yearning to be seen, to be loved and have an existence acknowledged. I am drawn to Rebecca Solnit's essay Grandmother Spider (2014) in which she recounts Ana Teresa Fernandez's painting of a woman hanging laundry. In this unremarkable domestic act, the woman – whose identity is shrouded by a white bed sheet draped on the clothesline — "both exists and is obliterated". Solnit proceeds to discuss female nonexistence and obliteration through patrilineal ancestry (exclusion of mothers, grandmothers), and the silence, erasure and disappearance of women through the roles they play.

Susie's preoccupation with romantic tropes in media and popular culture comes to the fore; by employing filmic clichés, she urges a study into the representations of women that are embedded and perpetuated in modern society, to relook the tokenisms and narratives that we have consumed and become complicit to. In dancing alone, the woman mediates between the self and the other as a singular fluid gesture; she embraces her desires and flaws wholly and effortlessly.

Artist

Susie Wong began her arts practice in the late 1980s, in painting and art writing, complementing these with art education, teaching, and curatorial projects. Among her works were the installation, *Trace*, at The Substation, Singapore, and Valentine Willie FA Gallery, KL, in 2008; My Beautiful Indies, at The Esplanade in 2013, and After Image, at Space Cottonseed, Gillman Barracks, 2014. Central to her works then was the inquiry of the image/light as a medium that mediates between memory and loss, between documentation and nostalgia. Extending this, her work now contemplates mass media and the circulation of images and its voracious consumption, appropriating images or visual references for much of her work. Her more recent works were: in 2018, Take Care of Me, part of the curated series Opening Day at Upper Serangoon Shopping Centre; in 2019, The Idea of the Coconut, that encapsulates her research on romantic tropes in media, in a book, as part of a collaborativecurated project Browsing Copy.

She was artist-in-residence at the NTU-CCA (Centre for Contemporary Art Singapore) from June to November 2018.

Contributors

SHARDA HARRISON is a performer, theatremaker and theatre educator. She has acted in local and international theatre collaborations and is founder of Pink Gajah Theatre, which performs mainly fringe works and serves as a platform for artists to create and showcase their own works.

FAITH NG is a playwright whose works are noted for their rich characterisation and sensitive portrayals of Singapore life. Faith's plays include "wo(men)" (2010), "For Better or for Worse" (2013) and "Normal" (2015, 2017), collected in 'Faith Ng: Plays Volume One' (2016).

Curator

KIMBERLY SHEN is a curator and educator based in Singapore. Her practice is situated between text and image, drawn towards ideas of pluralism in a mediation of feminine narratives. She has presented her curatorial projects at the Institute of Contemporary Arts Singapore, Objectifs — Centre for Photography and Film, NTU Centre for Contemporary Art Singapore, and the Nanyang Academy of Fine Arts (NAFA). She co-founded and is editor of ellipsis journal, a London/Singapore print publication which has been distributed at local and international art book fairs. She was winner of the IMPART Awards (Curator Category) in 2019 and Curatorin-Residence for The Art Incubator in 2015. A recipient of the National Arts Council Arts Scholarship (Postgraduate), she graduated with a Master of Research in Art: Theory and Philosophy from Central Saint Martins, United Kingdom. She is currently Programme Leader (Fine Art) at NAFA.

SABRINA SNG is a theatre artist from Singapore.

Her research revolves around the intricacies
of cultural identity, and what it means to be a
woman in performance and performance making.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{ZAI TANG} is artist, composer and DJ based in \\ Singapore. His new work Escape Velocity III \& IV \\ are currently showing at the Singapore Biennale. \\ \end{tabular}$